## **CLAIM AMENDMENT SHEET**

## What is claimed is:

1. (Currently Amended) An aqueous mixture for application to concrete pavements for protection against water associated problems, comprising:

multi-compounds mixed into a stable aqueous mixture form, the compounds including alkali metal silicate, potassium methyl siliconate, a surfactant, an emulsifier and at least 50% by weight water;

wherein the mixture includes between 3.000% and 10.000% parts a percent by weight of alkali metal silicate solids equivalent to mixing in between 7.500% to 25.000% by weight of a alkali metal silicate solution of a 40% solids content; and

wherein the mixture is sealed into a container such that an unopened container maintained above 10°C has a shelf life of at least six months.

- 2. (Original) The mixture of claim 1 wherein the compounds include tartaric acid and sodium carbonate.
- 3. (Original) The mixture of claim 2 wherein the compounds include at least one antifoaming agent.
- 4. (Original) The mixture of claim 3 wherein the compounds include at least one cleaner agent.
- 5. (Original) The mixture of claim 4 wherein the water includes deionized water, the anit-foaming agent includes isopropyl alcohol and the cleaner includes sodium hydrochlorite.
- 6. (Original) The mixture of claims 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 wherein the surfactant includes nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether; and the emulsifier includes a fatty acid and at least one of sodium hydroxide, tetra potassium pyrophosphate and hexameta potassium phosphate.
- 7. (Original) The mixture of claim 6 wherein the fatty acid includes alkylbenzensulfonic acid.
- 8. (Original) The mixture of claims 1, 2, 3, or 4 wherein the water includes deionized water.
  - 9. (Original) The mixture of claim 6 wherein the water includes deionized water.
- 10. (Currently Amended) An aqueous mixture for application to concrete pavements for protection against water associated problems, comprising:

deionized water;

sodium silicate solids equivalent to mixing in between 7.500% to 25.000% parts of the mixture by weight of a sodium silicate solution of a (40% solids content);

potassium methyl siliconate equivalent to mixing in between 1.650% to 7.500% by weight potassium methyl siliconate of a (40% aqueous solution);

between 0.004% to 0.020% of the mixture by weight (pure) alkylbenzensulfonic acid;

between 0.050% and 0.300% of the mixture by weight (anhydrous) isopropyl alcohol;

between 0.005% to 0.075% of the mixture by weight (pure) nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether;

sodium hydroxide equivalent to mixing in between 0.002% to 0.025% by weight of the mixture sodium hydroxide of a (50% NaOH aqueous solution);

sodium hypochlorite equivalent to mixing in between 0.003% to 0.025% of the mixture by weight sodium hypochlorite (of a 12.5% NaOCl aqueous solution);

between 0.750% to 3.500% of the mixture by weight tartaric acid of a (pure solid form measured by weight); and

between 0.532% to 2.482% of the mixture by weight anhydrous sodium carbonate of a (pure solid measured by weight);

mixed into a stable aqueous mixture form.

11. (Currently amended) The aqueous mixture of claim 10, comprising;

approximately 0.008% by weight alkylbenzensulfonic acid of a (pure) form;

approximately 0.121% by weight isopropyl alcohol of a (anhydrous) form;

approximately 0.013% nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether of a (pure) form;

sodium hydroxide equivalent to mixing in approximately 0.005% by weight sodium hydroxide of a (50% NaOH aqueous solution);

sodium hypochlorite equivalent to mixing in approximately 0.009% sodium hypochlorite of a (12.5% NaOCl aqueous solution);

sodium silicate solids equivalent to mixing in approximately 19.212% by weight sodium silicate solution of a (40% solid content);

approximately 1.816% by weight tartaric acid of a (pure solid form measured by weight); approximately 1.288% anhydrous sodium carbonate of a (pure solid measured by weight); potassium methyl siliconate equivalent to mixing in approximately 4.312% by weight potassium methyl siliconate, of a (40% aqueous solution); and

approximately 73.217% by weight deionized water.

12. (Withdrawn) A method for protecting concrete pavement, comprising; applying an aqueous chemical mixture to the concrete pavement; and curing the mixture; thereby, by the means of the application of one mixture,

repelling water penetration at the pavement surface; and blocking water penetration within concrete matrices of the pavement by at least hydrophilic crystallization.

13. (Withdrawn) A method for protecting concrete pavement, comprising; applying an aqueous chemical mixture to the concrete pavement; and curing the mixture; thereby, by the means of the application of one mixture,

repelling water penetration at the pavement surface; and

blocking water penetration within concrete matrices of the pavement by at least hygroscopic crystallization.

- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12 wherein the blocking of water penetration within concrete matrices of the pavement includes blocking by hygroscopic crystallization.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method for making a stable containerizable aqueous mixture for application to concrete pavements to protect from water associated problems, comprising:
  - (1) forming a dilute mixture of at least a surfactant and emulsifier;
  - (2) gradually adding sodium silicate to water in a reactor and mixing;
  - (3) gradually adding the surfactant/emulsifier mix to the sodium silicate mix;
  - (4) adding to water tartaric acid in small portions at a time while continuously agitating;
  - (5) adding sodium bicarbonate in small portions at a time to the tartaric acid mix;
- (6) gradually adding the surfactant/emulsifier/sodium silicate mix to the tartaric acid/sodium bicarbonate mix;
- (7) slowly introducing potassium methyl siliconate to the surfactant/emulsifier/sodium silicate/tartaric acid/sodium bicarbonate mix and mixing; and
- (8) letting the material settle for approximately one hour while covered before containerizing;

whereby a container maintained above 10 degrees C has a shelf life of at least six months.

- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 15 including in step (1) forming a water based mixture of (a) at least one of sodium hydroxide, tetra potassium pyrophosphate and hexameta potassium phosphate; (b) a fatty acid; and (c) nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 16 including in step (1) adding sodium hypochlorite and isopropyl alcohol to the mixture.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 16 wherein the fatty acid includes alkylbenzensulfonic acid.

- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claims 15, 16, 17 or 18 wherein the water comprises deionized water.
  - 20. (Original) The product produced by the method of claims 15, 16, 17 or 18.
  - 21. (Original) The product produced by the method of claim 19.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12 that includes opening treated pavement for normal use within at least one hour of application.
- 23. (Currently Amended) An aqueous mixture for application to concrete pavements for protection against water associated problems, comprising:

multi-compounds mixed into a stable aqueous mixture form, the compounds including water; sodium silicate solids equivalent to mixing in at least 7.5% by weight of the mixture sodium silicate solution of a (40% solids content); at least 0.75 % by weight of the mixture tartaric acid of a (pure solid form measured by weight); at least .5 % by weight of the mixture anhydrous sodium carbonate of a (pure solid measure by weight); an emulsifier including at least one of sodium hydroxide, tetra potassium pyrophosphate and hexameta potassium phosphate together with a fatty acid; and a surfactant including nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether;

and wherein the mixture is sealed into a container such that an unopened container maintained above 10°C has a shelf life of at least six months.

- 24. (Original) The mixture of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 wherein the alkali metal includes sodium.
- 25. (Original) The mixture of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 wherein the sodium carbonate includes anhydrous sodium carbonate.
- 26. (New) The mixture of claims 1, 10, 11 or 23 wherein the mixture has a viscosity of approximately 2.4 centipoises.